

AFFAIRS OF NATIONS

Russia and Turkey Hand in Hand.

RUSY WEEK FOR PARLIAMENT

The Transvaal Question First in Importance—Venezuela Matter a Close Second.

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LONDON, February 15.—There is no denying that the past week has been a busy one in politics both at home and abroad for the manipulators of British diplomacy. The Transvaal question took the first place in the parliamentary debates, although the chief event in foreign politics was the baptism of Prince Boris, eldest son of Prince Ferdinand of Bulgaria, into the Orthodox Greek church, the significance of which is that it is generally admitted to be a prelude to Russia's recognition of Prince Ferdinand. It also shows that Russia and Turkey are now hand in hand and this is proved by the fact that the latter country has already asked the powers to recognize Prince Ferdinand. The powers will not oppose his request and it is a delicate question and is debated abroad whether Russia will obtain the influence in the long run that she hopes to attain through her influence over Bulgaria.

The Pope, it is known, has been greatly annoyed by Prince Ferdinand's action and has declared that it economically hinders him. Considerable comment has been caused by the appointment of Li Hung Chang to represent China at the czar's coronation, and especially as it is considered, by rumor at least, with the reported Russo-China alliance. There is a strong belief in diplomatic circles that Russia will try to use Li Hung Chang to the full extent of the latter's capability to reach the czar's policy. But on the other hand, there are people who think it probable that Li Hung Chang's rival, Wang Tung Ho, the emperor's tutor, wants to get him out of the way and has caused the Chinese diplomat to go to Russia for the coronation in hope that Li Hung Chang will so seriously damage his reputation that he may pass at least an unpleasant hour when he returns to Peking.

Through the Transvaal question led the parliamentary debates, the Venezuela dispute came in a good second, and some interesting remarks were heard for and against the Bore and boundary arbitration. Then again, the speech which T. M. Healy delivered on home rule, which question he had formerly an avowed supporter, was generally conceded to have been the cleverest heard this session. It was marked contrast to the feeble, watery character of John Dillon's remarks. Mr. Dillon's speech was a fine fighting effort, and he repeatedly scored the Conservative leader, A. J. Balfour, to the delight of the occupants of the Irish benches.

The remarks of Sir William Vernon Harcourt, the Liberal leader, proved very satisfactory to the members of his party, and his attitude towards the Transvaal dispute has been generally commended by Conservatives as well as Liberal organs. In fact, his urging arbitration reflects the general feeling of the house of commons, and for some time after all the thinking portions of the population. Mr. Chamberlain's speech on the Transvaal question produced an excellent effect; but the chief cause of his popularity was his masterly handling of the subject from first to last has been marred by what appears to be an error of judgment in publishing his message to President Kruger last night. It is the chief executive of the South African republic, who only got a short cable summary from the secretary of state for the colonies, brief in fact, than the one sent to the president in the morning. President Kruger was greatly offended at this slight and replied curtly, rejecting interference in the internal affairs of the Transvaal.

Under these circumstances, there is a general feeling that the imbroglio is in no way settled and that the international side of the question is still susceptible of trouble. The publication of the blue book here and the white book in Berlin, show that there has been friction between Germany and Great Britain over the Transvaal for the past several months, and the blue book just issued in Berlin, making a reply to the request to allow German marines to land at Delagoa bay until the crisis was over, has given a great deal of satisfaction here. The blue book just issued in Berlin, making a reply to the request to allow German marines to land at Delagoa bay until the crisis was over, has given a great deal of satisfaction here.

A striking feature brought out by the blue book is the fact that in spite of Russia's attitude, Great Britain is stated in a pretense of coercion. The newspapers are inclined to throw the blame on Sir Philip Currie, Ambassador at Constantinople, and it is already announced that he will be asked to resign. It is reported that Baron Cromer, the British consul general in Egypt, will replace him. Baron Cromer has been very successful in his treatment of Egypt. Another rumor is that Sir Philip Currie will succeed the Marquis of Dufferin, the British ambassador at Paris, who will shortly resign.

It is stated that the blue book on Venezuela, shortly to be issued, is in two divisions. The first is reported to be a narrative of the summary of the British case and the second is described as being the fullest evidence upon which the British claims rest.

A Contest for Office Decided.
VENTURA, February 15.—The contest for the office of justice of the peace of Ventura, contested on the ground that the incumbent, an incumbent from the creation of 1883, had failed to file a new bond or take a new oath of office, was decided in favor of the incumbent by the board of supervisors today. The district attorney, however, in his opinion has no vacancy existed, and that no new bond or renewal of oath of office was necessary.

Gas Plant for Ventura.
VENTURA, February 15.—A rumor is current here that ex-United States Senator Charles N. Felton of San Francisco is at the head of a scheme to place a first-class gas lighting plant in Ventura. His agents here refuse to talk on the subject.

Condition of the Treasury.
WASHINGTON, February 15.—Today's statement of the condition of the treasury shows: Available cash balances, \$306,054,650; gold reserve, \$79,255,205.

MANNIX EXPELLED.

The War Correspondent Forced to Quit Cuba.

HAVANA, February 15.—A report that numerous lands commanded by the well-known insurgent leader, Gerardo Sanchez, are coming westward, and are now in the immediate vicinity of the province of Havana, is confirmed. Captain W. F. Mannix, correspondent in Cuba for an American military journal, and representative of several American newspapers, has after considerable diplomatic correspondence been forcibly expelled from Cuba. He left the island today.

Will Bid For Bonds.
NEW YORK, February 15.—The World this morning says: A messenger from the Investment Corporation of New York will leave for Washington tonight (Sunday) with a bid for any or all the bonds, the bids for which have lapsed through failure of bidders to make the first payment yesterday as required by the terms of the circular. The company has already taken \$2,000,000 of the bonds at \$110.90 and had made the first payment and part of the second in full which was not taken from the United States treasury. It has on hand sufficient gold to make the necessary payments under its new bid.

In Favor of the Canal.
WASHINGTON, February 15.—The senate committee on the Nicaragua canal held a meeting today for an exchange of views upon the expediency of reporting a bill for the construction of a canal. During the present session of congress the committee was somewhat handicapped by the fact that the report of the commission which was sent to Central America last summer for inspection of the canal had not been printed. This was the first meeting the committee had held since its creation and it was important that it demonstrated a unanimous sentiment in favor of construction of the canal.

Bay District Track Will Be Closed.
SAN FRANCISCO, February 15.—There is now little doubt that the present racing season which closes in May, will be the last ever held at the Bay District track. The railroad company, which owns the property, has signed a contract for the grading and filling in of the track. An immense amount of earth will be required and the contractors are negotiating for the purchase of Lone Mountain, one of the highest peaks of the city. Lone Mountain is an immense sand hill and it is intention to level the mountain and use the sand for filling in the Bay District track grounds.

KILLED HIS COMRADE

A YOUTHFUL HUNTER MEETS INSTANT DEATH.

He is Accidentally Shot Through the Neck, Severing the Jugular Vein.

RENNES, February 15.—This morning three boys living in the neighborhood of the Estepier school district, about three miles from Rennes, named Clem Anderson, Arnold Thompson and Jerry Staud, aged 16, 14 and 13 years respectively, went hunting. Clem had a 22-caliber Winchester and Staud had a No. 32. When west of the river in the brush they sat down on the ground, forming a sort of triangle. Clem had gotten a rag in his gun and was trying to get it out. Staud had his gun resting across his arm and pointing between the two others. Suddenly a rabbit started up and Jerry, throwing his gun around to shoot, pulled the trigger too soon, the bullet striking Thompson in the side of the neck, going straight through and severing the jugular vein. The victim died in a few minutes. Coroner Earnest was notified and held an inquest on the remains.

About fifty yards from this spot a young man named William Bailey was killed and killed about the year 1894. A Lucky Escape.
SANTA CRUZ, February 15.—Last evening as C. H. Sherwood, the station agent at Aptos, and wife, were on their way to Soquel, a highwayman with a drawn pistol jumped from the side of the road, and, suddenly, plucked the revolver from the pocket of the highwayman and knocking him down. A searching party from Soquel vainly tried to find him. Sherwood had \$200 with him.

Washington's Birthday Parade.
STOCKTON, February 15.—Colonel Kuman of the Sixth regiment has issued orders for the various companies in his command to parade on Washington's birthday. The orders contain the following: "It is the order of the regiment, weather permitting, that the parade the companies will practice drilling, principally in the extended order movements; where one company is located, it will be in the front line, and more than one company, by company and battalion."

Many Applications for Pardons.
SACRAMENTO, February 15.—The governor is in constant receipt of applications for pardons from the county jail prisoners who have not exhausted their legal rights. One of these came yesterday, and the governor's secretary, E. J. McCabe, announces that they cannot receive due consideration, owing to the fact that the petitioners have not appeared to the superior court from the sentence of the justice court.

Officials Will Visit Asylum.
SACRAMENTO, February 15.—Governor Bullard announces that some time before the first of next month the board of examiners, consisting of himself, Secretary of State, and Attorney General, will make a trip through the southern part of the state for the purpose of paying an official visit to the different state asylums.

Twenty-Third Ballot.
FRANKFORT, Ky., February 15.—The twenty-third ballot for the United States senator today resulted as follows: Hunter 53, Blackburn 54, Carlisle 3, Holt 3, McCrory 1, Cochran 1, State 1.

Earthquake Shock.
LOS ANGELES, February 15.—A slight earthquake shock, lasting about two seconds, was felt in this vicinity at 2:45 o'clock this afternoon.

HOUSE PROCEEDINGS

Vigorous Attacks on Secretary Morton.

UNIMPORTANT BILLS PASSED

Edward Bonnyman of Selma Crushed to Death by a Sand Slide.

WASHINGTON, January 15.—The attack on Secretary Morton for his refusal to expand the appropriation for seeds in the present agricultural appropriation was transferred from the senate to the house today, and furnished the feature of the proceedings in the lower house. It was led by Mr. Baker, Republican, of New Hampshire, and was supported by Messrs. Moore and Livingston, Democrat, of Georgia; Mr. Boatner, Democrat, of Louisiana, and Meredith, Democrat, of Virginia. Some very harsh things were said by Boatner, who referred to Mr. Morton contemptuously as "that individual," and not a word was raised in his defense. The general debate on the agricultural bill, during which the attack was made, was closed before adjournment. Several bills of minor importance were passed, and a resolution was adopted directing the judiciary committee to inquire into the right of an executive officer to refuse to execute a law on the ground of its unconstitutionality and to report by bill or otherwise. This investigation grows out of Controller Bowler's decision in the matter of county bonds. Mr. Bowler, of New York, in presenting the resolution, said that Mr. Bowler's right to question the constitutionality of a law was admitted on all hands to be of doubtful legality.

Terry of Arkansas on the other hand expressed the opinion that an executive officer executed an unconstitutional law at his peril. Ray, Republican of New York, called upon the Boatner resolution directing the committee on judiciary to investigate the right of the controller of the treasury to refuse to execute the law on the ground of its alleged unconstitutionality and if it was found that he had violated the law to report by bill or otherwise, which had been amended so as to make it more general, into right of executive officers to refuse to execute laws on the ground of their unconstitutionality. This resolution was the outcome of the decision of Comptroller Bowler in the sugar bounty case. Ray explained the long controversy which had resulted in the comptroller's decision.

It must be conceded on all hands," said he, "that the question is not free from doubt." The committee, he said, had thought it best to make the inquiry general instead of confining it to the right of a single officer. The resolution was not reported, but with a view of censuring any officer but to determine whether it was proper to recommend an amendment to the resolution or to report the scope of the law. The resolution was adopted. Then the agricultural bill was taken up. Baker, Republican of New Hampshire, made an attack upon Secretary Morton for refusing to use the seed appropriation in the current law. The present bill again appropriated \$139,000 for seeds. "If," he added, "for Secretary Morton to either execute the law or abandon his office." At 5 o'clock, under agreement, general debate closed and the house adjourned.

FATAL ACCIDENT AT SELMA

Edward Bonnyman Killed by a Sand Slide.

SELMA, February 15.—Edward P. Bonnyman, a boy 14 years of age, was killed today. He and two small brothers were digging in a bank of sand near town when the sand caved in, burying him almost completely. The two boys were unable to move him and he lay under the sand until a section crew from the railroad came and uncovered the lifeless body.

SAN FRANCISCO RACES.

The Plungers All Losers—Riley Grannan Broke.
SAN FRANCISCO, February 15.—John Brenock's imported horse, St. Brandon, although carrying 105 pounds, was an 8 to 5 favorite. After trailing behind the field under a pull, Ford gave the favorite a lead and he won the imported horse won with ridiculous ease.

The special match at five-eighths consisted of "Pittsburg Phil" (maro Derfaglia), Corrigan's Moholosa, Spencer's gelding, Pat Murphy and Stanchfield's gelding, George Miller. Derfaglia was a hot favorite at 7 to 5, notwithstanding the fact that he had been beaten by the same horse two days previous. Miller won easily from Moholosa, with the favorite third. The Australian system was used with great success on the three seven furlong events. St. Brandon and Olive were the winners. Favorable the other races going to outsiders, and one to second choice. The weather was perfect, and the track fast. The attendance was very large.

A good paper prints a story to the effect that Riley Grannan, the young plunger, has lost \$100,000 since he came to California this winter and has gone bankrupt. Riley and other young plungers are also said to have lost amounts ranging from \$20,000 to \$50,000. Grannan, who used to be followed about the betting track by high society who followed the plunger, is now regarded as a Jonah, and his plays are copied.

Four farlanges—Casper won, Orsano 2, Lenden 3, Time, 0.51.

Seven furlongs—Wynn won, Kowalewsky 2, Doe 10.3, Time, 1.20.

Two miles, hurdle—St. Brandon won, Ballinger 2, Continent 3, Time, 3.48.

Five furlongs—George Miller won, Moholosa 2, Derfaglia 3, Time, 1.01.

Seven furlongs—San Spray won, Fortuna 2, Hernandez 3, Time, 1.25.

Seven furlongs—Olive won, Foremost 2, Guiding 3, Time, 1.28.

INCREASED THE FORCE.

Sacramento Railroad Shops Again in Full Blast.

SACRAMENTO, February 15.—The Southern Pacific shops in Sacramento are running again in full blast. Gradually the force has been increased until it now numbers 1700 men, and the chances are that 300 will be added to the working force before thirty days go by. A United States law compelling all railroads to equip freight cars with automatic couplings, the same to go into effect on the first of January, 1896, has furnished considerable work and will furnish a great deal more during the next two years. It is an expensive job to carry out this, as the Southern Pacific company has two couplings. As the couplings cost \$10 each and all the cars which leave the state will have to be equipped, the cost will be \$250,000. In compliance with a law which went into effect on the first of January of this year, the company has equipped its freight cars with hand-holds for the use of the couplers. These cost \$100 apiece, or \$15,000 in all.

Fruit and Grain Markets.

SAN FRANCISCO, February 15.—Jobbing prices are as follows: Apples—Fancy Moorpark 10c, choice 10c, fancy 9 1/2c, choice 8 1/2c, standard 7c, prime 6c. Peaches—Fancy 5c, choice 4c, standard 3 1/2c, prime 3c, peels in boxes 10c to 12c. Prunes—Fancy 5c, standard 4 1/2c, prime 4c. Raisins—In sacks or 50-pound boxes, 4-crown, loose, 3c; 3-crown 2 1/2c; 2-crown 2c; 1-crown 1 1/2c. London layers, 8c; clusters 1 1/2c to 1.50c. Dried clusters 2c to 2.25c, Imperial clusters 2c to 2.25c. Wheat—Steady; December, \$1.17 1/2; May, \$1.16 1/2. Barley—No trading. Corn—Steady. Bran—\$14.50.

Arizona Populist Meeting.

PHOENIX, Ariz., February 15.—Next Saturday the Arizona Populists will meet in Phoenix to elect four delegates to the national convention, and also to select a candidate for delegate to congress and to choose members of the territorial central committee. The county conventions throughout Arizona today selected representatives to the territorial conventions. It is conceded that W. C. Smith, who pulled strong, won at the last election, will be nominated for delegate to congress.

POSTPONED AGAIN.

THE BIG FIGHT OF TILL NEXT FRIDAY.

Many More Disgraced Sports Start for Home—Mather's Eyes Improving.

EL PASO, February 15.—The official announcement of the possibility of a further postponement of the prize fight until next Friday added others to the delegation of home goers. The announcement was made at noon and was the result of a telegram from Las Cruces, which stated that the physician in attendance forbade Mather attempting to fight today. A lively conference of Dan Stuart and others interested with him resulted in the announcement that the meeting between Mather and Fitzsimmons might not take place until Friday. The news had a depressing effect upon all the sports and many, fearing still further delays, prepared to get away on the first outgoing train. Late this afternoon it was arranged that the postponement was an agreement. Mather's eyes are still improving. Stuart is anxious that the fight should take place as soon as possible. Julian will in all likelihood insist upon having the fight.

Dan Stuart is still determined. He says it will bring off the fight on any day that the men can be brought together. No one questions Stuart's sincerity and his determination to bring the two principals to a fight. Mather has decided to enter the ring, even if he cannot see Fitzsimmons. He is afraid the public will think he fears the issue with the antipodean. Calum at first insisted he should go in to save the forfeit money and Peter agreed.

GROWING MORE BITTER.

The Church Quarrel Over the Brown-Davidson Scandal.

SAN FRANCISCO, February 15.—The quarrel in the First Congregational church over the Brown-Davidson scandal is growing more bitter. Mrs. Sam Cooper, the leader of the anti-Brown faction, is the special object of attack by Dr. Brown's friends. To-night Mrs. Brown furnished the papers with affidavits, tending to show that Mrs. Cooper has been guilty of sharp practice in her fight against the accused minister. The affidavits, which are signed by four women, allege that Mrs. Cooper endeavored to persuade Mrs. Lora Blanchard at the meeting of February 5th to vote against the resolution of confidence in Dr. Brown, adopted at that meeting. Mrs. Cooper, it is alleged, knew that Mrs. Blanchard was not a member of the church and that she was not entitled to vote. Mrs. Blanchard did not vote as requested by Mrs. Cooper, but according to the affidavits, told a story to some members of the church, who in turn related it to Mrs. Brown.

The Death Roll.

SAN FRANCISCO, February 15.—According to the state board of health, there were 553 deaths in California during the month of January. Of these San Francisco contributed 123. There were 183 deaths from consumption and 90 from pneumonia. Three cases of smallpox were reported from the southern part of the state.

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS.

Advertisements of "Wanted," "For Sale," "For Rent," "Lost," etc., will be inserted at the rate of 5 cents a line for each insertion. No single advertisement taken for less than 25 cents. In estimating length of copy, insertions count six words to the line for the first three lines and five words for each subsequent line. Advertisements for all subsequent lines. Orders by mail promptly filled, but the cash should accompany each order.

MONEY TO LOAN

THE FRESNO MUTUAL BUILDING AND LOAN ASSOCIATION

LOANS, MONEY ON CITY REAL ESTATE, and furniture capital To let owners

Wherever to make Improvements and BUILD HOMES

At the low rate of NINE PER CENT PER ANNUM.

For Information see A. V. LEBEN, Secretary.

Office at PEOPLE'S SAVINGS BANK, Cor. 1 and Tulare streets.

WANTED—HELP

SALESMAN WANTED IN FRESNO AND vicinity for a San Francisco house.

A leading cigar and tobacco house of San Francisco desires a man in Fresno, or including near vicinity. The man can be paid satisfactorily by salary or commission, or other times, or in combination with other plans. Must be capable, energetic person, of excellent reliability, able to establish satisfactory bond.

Personal interview necessary; it can be arranged if correspondence warrants it. Address: A. L. & Co., 80 Panama street, San Francisco. Please enclose a full and complete statement of your qualifications.

WANTED—COMFORTABLE GIRL TO ATTEND children and assist in general household work. Apply 222 West between Market and Third streets.

J. L. EMPLOYMENT OFFICE FURNISHES reliable help in all lines. Address: Mrs. C. B. DUBOIS & F. H. FIGHT, 410

MISCELLANEOUS

COUNTRY BUILDING CASHTED AT 300. 1000000, 1000000, 1000000, 1000000.

WANTED—MISCELLANEOUS

WANTED—WANT FROM 20 TO 100 ACRES for a home and to start a live stock.

Wanted description by government subdivision, with a view to building a home, or other use. Address: "Home Seeker," Topographical office.

WANTED—THROUGHOUT THE STATE, 1000000, 1000000, 1000000, 1000000.

WANTED—FOR CASH, A SPAN OF YOUNG horses, not over 6 years old, to which stock and harness wanted. Apply N. P. 1111 North street.

WANTED—PARTY WITH \$200 CASH TO take half interest in 50 acres fine vineyard and orchard, and income wanted. Apply to J. T. HARRIS, 1111 North street.

WANTED—TO TRADE HOUSE AND LOT in Fresno, or other place, for 1000000, 1000000, 1000000, 1000000.

WANTED—TO BUY OR RENT LAND (about 1000000, 1000000, 1000000, 1000000).

WANTED—NOTICE TO RANGERS AND stockmen. For rent, 1000000, 1000000, 1000000, 1000000.

PAID, NATHANIEL, 1000000, 1000000, 1000000, 1000000.

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS

FOR SALE—2 COWS, together at the Fresno house, 1000000, 1000000, 1000000, 1000000.

FOR SALE—ALPACA MAY UNDER COVER, 1000000, 1000000, 1000000, 1000000.

FOR SALE—OR RENT—1000000, 1000000, 1000000, 1000000.

FOR SALE—EVERY ONE TO KNOW THAT we pay as much cash for all kinds of property as we can in Fresno county. BLACK & WHITE, 1000000, 1000000, 1000000, 1000000.

FOR SALE—1000000, 1000000, 1000000, 1000000.

FOR SALE—A NEAT GRASSY PASTURE, 1000000, 1000000, 1000000, 1000000.

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NOVELTIES

—IN—

Ladies' Spring Wraps

Handsome Beaded Velvet and Cloth

CAPES AND JACKETS

—AND—

Ladies' Tailor-Made Suits

Have arrived. They are the newest Parisian styles shown. Your early inspection solicited.

—————

KUTNER-GOLDSTEIN CO.

THE UNIVERSAL PROVIDERS.

—————

FOUND

FOUND—BYSTYL DRESSMAKING AT MRS. ALBERTSON'S, corner Market and Third streets.

WANTED—SITUATIONS.

WANTED—COMFORTABLE AND RELIABLE woman wants situation, good cook, \$3.11 street.

STOLEN

STOLEN—FROM IN FRONT OF COHET school, a new suit about 3 years old, and a hat more about 6 years old fitted to spring wig and followed by a long tail pleated dress. These have since been lost. Any one knowing whereabouts of same, please call on the undersigned at 1000000, 1000000, 1000000, 1000000.

WANTED—TO BUY OR RENT LAND (about 1000000, 1000000, 1000000, 1000000).

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THE FRESNO MORNING REPUBLICAN.

Fresno, Fresno County, California.

PUBLISHED BY

The Fresno Republican Publishing Co.

J. W. SHORT, Editor and Manager.

The Great Newspaper of the San Joaquin Valley.

Largest Circulation. - The Most News.

Subscription.

Daily Republican, one year, by mail, \$4.00

Daily Republican, six months, by mail, \$2.50

Daily Republican, three months, by mail, \$1.50

Daily Republican, per month, by carrier, 60

Weekly Republican, one year, by mail, \$2.50

Weekly Republican, six months, by mail, \$1.50

Weekly Republican, per month, by carrier, 30

PROTECTION OR DIRECT TAX.

The Democratic party has made its last

effective stand for free trade. It has

indeed, made its last stand on this issue.

The old cry will again be raised, the old

threadbare fiction will again be repeated,

but it will be but a hollow and empty

pretence. Nothing will come of it.

The income tax bill, upon which the

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The old cry will again be raised, the old

threadbare fiction will again be repeated,

but it will be but a hollow and empty

pretence. Nothing will come of it.

The income tax bill, upon which the

Democratic party has split, is the last

effective stand for free trade. It has

indeed, made its last stand on this issue.

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but it will be but a hollow and empty

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POULTRY THAT PAYS

Wonders of the North and South.

The farmer can raise poultry cheaper

than any other crop, for the reason that

he can give his fowls unlimited range.

Allowing them a good run greatly lessens

the cost of keeping, and benefits the

farmer, for they are sure to reduce the

number of injurious insects. I believe

that poultry keeping pays better than

anything within the reach of a woman

who lives on farms or small country

places.

The chief points in raising poultry are

pure blood and warm quarters.

Houses, kept clean with good ventilation,

are the most profitable. As a rule it

will be more profitable to keep some

one pure breed rather than a mixture of

all sorts.

From my experience Hamburg and

Leghorns will pay a greater number of

eggs in a year than any other breed.

For fowls to dress well for

market, choose Brahmas, Cochins or

Dorset Rocks.

It is an easy matter to care for hens.

A clean roosting place, a place where

they can scratch and dust themselves,

plenty of fresh water and plenty of good

green food and meat of some kind

should be given them every day.

Milk will take the place of meat. Be-

side food and drink, the laying hens

must have a supply of gravel, crushed

bones, or some such food.

The farmer who sells eggs should be

very careful to sell only clean, fresh and

good sized eggs. By so doing he can

command a better price. Eggs cannot

be kept fresh for any great length of

time unless properly put in salt, and

on the small scale, they can be kept good

for months. In selecting eggs for sale,

remember that the second lot is

generally the best, especially from

hens, as they are generally small.

Always choose the largest. Setting hens

should always be where they cannot be

disturbed by other hens.

As a precaution against loss in the

nets use a solution of carbolic acid, or

what is better, use tobacco leaves with

the netting. Should you ever get

broken in the nest, wash the remaining

eggs in warm water. An egg that is

dashed with the contents of another egg

will not hatch. Some poultry raisers,

during the last week of incubation,

sprinkle water. When chicks run at large

among other hens it is best that they

have a feeding place, where they can

eat without being robbed and worried.

L. M.

POINTS TO REMEMBER.

Useful Suggestions to Follow in

Poultry Raising.

A very important part of the poultry

business in the beginning is to get

for hatching from thorough breeders.

Whatever the breed, see that the house

are of the pure breed, strong and vigor-

ous. It may cost more to hatch them,

but it costs no more to hatch them than

to hatch the chicks that are more satis-

factory.

When the chicks are hatched, whether

by incubator or hen, give them nothing

to eat for thirty-six hours. The first

food should be a mixture of bread crumbs

or something of that nature.

Do not give any sloppy or mixed up

stuff but have the food dry. Give them

a little water for five or six weeks, or

until they are able to eat solid food.

Arrange the drinking dish so the

chicks cannot get into it, for if they

do it may be fatal to them.

The feed after a few days may be

changed to cracked wheat or corn, occa-

sionally meat scraps and ground bone,

and alfalfa chopped fine is good for the

green food. Give them a variety of

plank where the grain can be covered to

prevent the chickens from taking plenty of

exercise, and do not forget to supply plenty

of grit for grinding their food. A large

portion of chick droppings and dirt for

wearing grit. Keep them growing rapidly.

As soon as the surplus roosters weigh

they should be sold for broilers. There

is more money made in selling at that

stage.

How shall we get the most profit out

of the hens we have raised? The essen-

tial are, comfortable, clean houses with

no drafts, a variety of food, wheat, corn,

vegetables, alfalfa and some kind of

animal food if they cannot get plenty of

bugs and worms. Fresh water always

before them. Give them a variety of exer-

cise by having the grain in a covered

place, and do not forget to supply plenty

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